Eton College King’s Scholarship Examination 2014

GREEK (one and a quarter hours)

Candidates should attempt all the questions on this paper.

Do not turn over until told to do so.
1. a) Give the appropriate forms of the following articles and nouns:

   i) ὁ δοῦλος  
      genitive singular
   ii) ὁ νεανίας  
       accusative plural
   iii) ἡ χώρα  
       genitive singular
   iv) ὁ κριτής  
       accusative plural
   v) ὁ φύλαξ  
       dative plural

   [5]

b) Change these articles and nouns into their opposite numbers, keeping them in the same case (i.e. if they are singular, give the plural; if they are plural, give the singular):

   i) ὁ νεανίας
   ii) τὸν φύλακα
   iii) τὴν πόλιν

   [3]

c) Translate into English
(do not use –ed to translate imperfects; mark second persons as singular or plural):

   i) λύει
   ii) λύε
   iii) λυόμεθα
   iv) ἔλυσε
   v) ήσθα

   [5]

d) Translate into Greek:

   i) You (s) loose  
       (I loose – λύω)
   ii) We loosed (aorist)
   iii) He will loose

   iv) You (pl) love  
       (I love – φιλέω)
   v) He was loving

   vi) He was  
       (I am - εἰμί)
   vii) Be! (s)

   [7]

   [Total for Question 1: 20]
2. Translate the following passage into English. Write your translation on alternate lines.

The city of Miletus, in the absence of help from the other Greeks, finally falls to the Persians after a siege.

μετὰ δὲ τὴν μάχην ἐν ἀθυμία ἦσαν οἱ τῆς Μιλήτου πολίται· οὔτε γὰρ ἤγεμὼν ἦν οὔτε σύμμαχοι, ἐπει δὲ μὲν Ἀρισταγόρας μετὰ τῶν φίλων νῦν ἐκ τῆς πόλεως ἐξῆλθε, οἱ δ’ ἄλλοι Ἐλληνες οὔκέτι ὥφελουν. οἱ οὖν πολίται μάλιστα ἐφοβοῦντο καὶ μάχεσθαι οὐκ ἦθελον. οἱ οὖν Πέρσαι ἐπολιόρκουν αὐτούς, τέλος δὲ τὴν μὲν πόλιν ἔλαβον, τοὺς δὲ πολίτας ἀπέκτειναν. οἱ δ’ Ἀθηναῖοι διὰ τὸ κακὸ χάνη εἰρήσαντο. οὔτε γὰρ ναῦς οὔτε στρατιῶτας ἔμειναν, ἀλλ’ ἄνδρας συμμάχους ἔν τῇ ἀπορίᾳ οὐδὲν ὥφελησαν.

Vocabulary (a number of words and names can be deduced from the title)

- ἀθυμία - ας, ἡ low spirits
- οὔκέτι no longer
- πράγμα - ατος, το event, affair
- λυπέομαι I am distressed
- ἀπορία - ας, ἡ crisis

[Total for Question 2: 20]
3. Answer the questions on the following passage.
   Do not translate unless specifically asked to do so.

   Some Greeks, after being helped by Xenophon, are attacked by the Bithynians as they are having a meal at night.

1. ἔπειτα δὲ τῶν φευγόντων τίς ἀγγέλλει πάντα εἰς τὸ στρατόπεδον. καὶ ὁ
2. Ξενοφῶν ὠφελεῖ, καὶ οἱ άλλοι οἱ μέχρι τριάκοντα ἐτῶν. καὶ
3. λαμβάνοντες τοὺς λοιποὺς ἄνδρας εἰς τὸ στρατόπεδον ἀφίκοντο. καὶ
4. ἡδὲ μὲν ἀμφὶ ἡλίου δυσμὰς ἦν, καὶ οἱ Ἕλληνες ἐν ἀθυμίᾳ ὅντες
5. ἐδειπνοσοιούντο. καὶ εὐθὺς τῶν Βιθυνῶν τινες προσβάλλοντες τοῖς
6. προφύλαξι, τοὺς μὲν ἀπέκτειναν, τοὺς δὲ ἐδίωξαν εἰς τὸ στρατόπεδον.
7. καὶ θόρυβῳ μεγίστῳ δὴ εἰς τὰ ὅπλα ἡλθοῦν οἱ Ἕλληνες πάντες. καὶ
8. νυκτὸς μὲν διώκειν τοὺς Βιθυνοὺς χαλεπάρτατον ἐδόκει εἶναι (τραχεία
9. γὰρ ἦν ἡ χώρα) ὡςτε ἐν τοῖς ὅπλοις φόβῳ τῶν πολεμίων ἐνυκτέρευον.
10. ἅμα δὲ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ οἱ στρατηγοὶ εἰς τὸ πόλια ἐρυμνὸν ἔγον αὐτοῦς. οἱ δὲ
11. ἀναλαβόντες τὰ ὅπλα εἶποντο.

Vocabulary (a number of words and names can be deduced from the title)

μέχρι up to
λοιπός - ἕ -όν remaining
θόρυβος - ου, ο uproar, shouting
dοκεῖ it seems
ὡςτε with the result that
ἔρυμνος - ἕ -όν fortified
a) Who made an announcement to the camp (line 1)?

b) How old were those who helped alongside Xenophon (line 2)?

c) What did these people do (lines 2-3)?

d) Give two details about how they found the Greeks when they arrived (lines 3-5).

e) What happened to the advanced guard at the hands of the Bithynians (lines 5-6)?

f) Translate lines 7-10 (καὶ θορύβῳ μεγίστῳ ... αὐτούς).

g) Give an example from the passage of the following:
   i) a present participle active;
   ii) a superlative adjective;
   iii) a verb with an epsilon contraction;
   iv) a weak aorist.

h) εἵποντο (line 11) is in the imperfect tense. Give the first person singular present.

i) ἀναλαβόντες (line 11) is related to a verb which you should know; what is this verb and what does it mean? What do you think ἀναλαβόντες means as a result (include an explanation of which part of the verb you think it might be and why).

[Total for Question 3: 35]

4. Translate the following sentences into Greek. Leave a line between each question. Some of the words from questions 1-3 may help you.

   a) The Greeks had a very brave army.
   b) The wives of the Athenians are afraid of the guards.
   c) The soldiers of the king are better than the slaves of the enemy.
   d) We are going to the marketplace, but the children are going to the river.
   e) When they had captured the city the general fled to the camp.

[Total for Question 4: 25]

[End of paper]