GREEK

(One and a quarter hours)

Remember to write your candidate number on every sheet of answer paper used.

Candidates should attempt all the questions on this paper.

Do not turn over until told to do so.
1. a) Give the appropriate forms of the following articles and nouns:

i) ὁ δοῦλος  
   dative plural

ii) ὁ νεανίας  
   accusative plural

iii) ἡ σοφία  
   accusative singular

iv) ὁ κριτής  
   dative singular

v) ὁ φύλαξ  
   accusative plural

b) Change these articles and nouns into their opposite numbers, keeping them in the same case (i.e. if they are singular, give the plural; if they are plural, give the singular):

i) τὸ δένδρον

ii) τῷ φύλακι

iii) τὴν ναῦν

[3]

c) Translate into English:

i) ἔλυες

ii) λῦε

iii) ἐλυόμεθα

iv) ἔλυσαν

v) ἰσθι

[5]

d) Translate into Greek:

i) We will loose  
   (I loose – λύω)

ii) To be loosed

iii) Loose! (pl)

iv) You (pl) love  
   (I love – φιλέω)

v) I was loving

vi) We are  
   (I am - εἰμί)

vii) You (s) were

[7]

[Total for Question 1: 20]
2. Translate the following passage into English.
   Write your translation on alternate lines.

   The Wooden Horse of Troy

   οἱ Ἑλληνες δέκα ἐτη ἐμάχοντο τοῖς Τρωσίν. ἦθελον γὰρ τὴν
   Τροίαν λαμβάνειν, ἀλλὰ οὐ χιοί τ’ήσαν. τέλος δὲ μέγαν ἵππον
   εὔλινον ἐποίησαν, καὶ ἐν αὐτῷ στρατιῶτας ἐκρυψαν.

   ἐπειτα δὲ οἱ ἄλλοι Ἑλληνες πρὸς νῆσον τινα ἐπλευσαν καὶ ἐκεῖ
   ἐμενον. τῶν δὲ Τρώων τις ἤγγειλε, "οἱ Ἑλληνες πρὸς τὴν Ἑλλάδα
   ἐφυγον. ὁ οὖν ἵππος δωρὸν ἐστιν." οἱ δ’ ἄλλοι ἤγαγον τὸν ἵππον
   εἰς τὴν πόλιν.

   ἐπει δὲ νυξ ἦν, αἱ μὲν νῆες πρὸς τὴν Τροίαν αὐθίς ἐπλευσαν· οἱ δὲ
   ἐν τῷ ἵππῳ ἐξῆλθον καὶ ἀνοίξαν τὰς τῆς πόλεως πύλας. ἐπειτα
   δὲ οἱ Ἑλληνες εἰσβάινοντες ἀπέκτειναν τοὺς πολίτας καὶ ἔλαβον
   τὴν Τροίαν.

   Names (only the first instance of a word is underlined)

   Ής Ἑλληνες, Ἑλλήνων, οἱ Greeks
   Τρώες, Τρώων, οἱ Trojans
   Τροία, Τροίας, ἡ Troy
   Ἑλλάς, Ἑλλάδος, ἡ Greece

   Vocabulary

   τέλος finally
   εὔλινος, η, ον wooden, made of wood
   αὐθίς again
   ἀνοίξω aor. ἀνέωξα I open
   πύλη, πύλης, η gate

   [Total for Question 2: 20]
3. Answer the questions on the following passage.
Do not translate unless specifically asked to do so.

Timoleon first saves the life of his brother, Timophanes, and then later is forced
to take it.

εἶπεν δὲ οἱ Κορίνθιοι τοῖς Ἀργεῖοις ἐμάχοντο. καὶ ὁ μὲν Τιμολέων ἐν
tοῖς ὀπλίταις ἦν, τὸν δὲ Τιμοφάνην, τὸν ἀδελφὸν ὄντα, τοῖς ἱππεύσιν
ηγοῦμενον, κίνδυνος μέγας λαμβάνει. ο ὁ γὰρ ἵππος περιπίπτων
ἀπεσείονατ αὐτὸν εἰς τοὺς πολεμίους. καὶ τῶν ἐταίρων οἱ μὲν εὐθὺς
φοβοῦμενοι ἀπέφυγον, οἱ δὲ μένοντες ὀλίγοι πρὸς πολλοὺς μαχόμενοι
ἀνδρείως ἄντείχον. ἔπει δ’ ὁ Τιμολέων εἶδε τὸ γενόμενον, βοηθήσας
τὴν ἀσπίδα ύπερ τοῦ Τιμοφάνους προώθηκε καὶ πολλὰ μὲν ἀκόντια,
pολλὰς δὲ πληγὰς δεξάμενος, ἐσώσε τὸν ἀδελφόν.
καὶ ὀλίγοις ἔτεσιν ὑστερον ἔπει ὁ Τιμοφάνης τύραννος γενόμενος
πολλοὺς τῶν πρώτων πολίτων ἀπέκτεινεν ἀκρίτους, ὁ Τιμολέων κακῶς
φέρον καὶ νομίζω αὐτὸς αἴτιος εἰναι ήθελεν αὐτῷ διαλέγεσθαι. ὁ δὲ
catataphronešas απέσωσεν αὐτόν. ὁ μὲν οὖν Τιμολέων καὶ οἱ μετ’ αὐτοῦ
ἐκπειράσαν τὸν ἀδελφόν. οἱ δὲ πολῖται τὸ γενόμενον ἀκούσαντες
μάλιστα έτίμησαν τὸν Τιμολέοντα· μείζονος γὰρ ἐποιεῖτο τὴν πόλιν ἢ
tὴν οἰκίαν.

Plutarch, Timoleon 4-5 (adapted)

Names (only the first instance of a word is underlined)

Kořínthoi, Κορινθ, οἱ Corinthians
Argiæi, Αργηιων, οἱ Argives
Timołéon, Τιμολέοντος, ὁ Timoleon
Τιμοφάνης, Τιμοφάνους, ὁ Timophanes

Vocabulary (only the first instance of a word is underlined)

ήγεομαι (+ dat) I lead
ἀποσείομαι I throw off
ἐταίρος, ἐταίρου, ὁ companion
ἀντέχω imperfect ἀντεῖχον I hold out
βοηθέω (+ dat) I help, come to help
ἀσπίς, ἀσπίδος, ἡ shield
προὔθηκε ‘he held in front’
ἀκόντιον, ἀκοντίου, τό missile
πληγή, πληγῆς, ἡ a blow
νομίζω I think, consider
αἴτιος -α -ον responsible, guilty
καταφρονέω I despise
ἀπωθέω aor. ἀπέσωσα I reject
tιμάω I honour
μείζονος ποιήμαι I consider of greater value

[Page 4 of 5]
a) What is the situation described in the first sentence? [2]

b) The following questions relate to lines 1-3:

i) Give the meaning of ὡπλα. [1]

ii) Give the meaning of ἵππος. [1]

iii) Use these two answers to deduce Timoleon’s and Timophanes’s roles in the fight. [2]

iv) What situation is Timophanes in? [2]

c) From lines 5-6, pick out and translate two Greek phrases which show that those who remained were in a difficult situation, but made the best of it. [4]

d) γίγνομαι in Greek is a verb meaning ‘I become’ or ‘I happen’.

i) What part of the verb do you think γενόμενον is (line 6)? [1]

ii) Suggest a translation for ‘ἐπεὶ δ’ ὁ Τιμολέων εἶδε τὸ γενόμενον’ (line 6). [2]

e) Consider and answer the following before tackling question f).

i) Give the meaning of κριτής and thus suggest a meaning for the adjective ἀκρίτους (line 10). [2]

ii) φέρων (line 11) is a present participle; give the Greek verb it must come from, transliterate it, and use your Latin to suggest its meaning. [2]

iii) κακῶς (line 10) is an adverb, formed from a Greek adjective which you should know. Suggest a meaning for κακῶς. [1]

f) Translate from καὶ ὀλίγοις (line 9) to the end of the passage. [15]

[Total for Question 3: 35]

4. Translate the following sentences into Greek. Leave a line between each question. Some of the words from questions 1-3 may help you.

a) The brave Greeks were fighting the wicked Trojans. [5]

b) It is difficult to educate the boys. [4]

c) The voice of the goddess is fine, but the voice of the child is terrible. [5]

d) The Athenians staying in the ships were killed by missiles. [6]

e) The king’s slaves sat down and slept. [5]

[Total for Question 4: 25]

END OF PAPER